Riverstone Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1796

Summary period: 01-09-2024 to 30-09-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 09-10-2024 PO Box 399

Date published: 23-10-2024 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean and 100 percentile data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM actual	100 percentile limit	100 percentile actual	within limits	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	-	-	yes	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	45	8.41	yes	
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	5	0.53	yes	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	_	-	yes	

¹⁰⁰ percentile means that 100 % of samples (or all samples) taken must not exceed the limit for that pollutant.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank								
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	36			
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2			
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.4			
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15			
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.02			
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.99	6.54	8.41			
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.23	0.53			
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2			
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	10			

EPA Point 4 Site code RS0004	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank								
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100			
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04			
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	11	24			
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30			

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Riverstone Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1796

Date obtained: 07-09-2024

Summary period: 01-08-2024 to 31-08-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

Date published: 13-09-2024 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean and 100 percentile data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM actual	100 percentile limit	100 percentile actual	within limits	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	_	-	yes	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	45	6.70	yes	
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	5	0.04	yes	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	_	-	yes	

¹⁰⁰ percentile means that 100 % of samples (or all samples) taken must not exceed the limit for that pollutant.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	86		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cobalt	ug/L	biannually	1	-	-	0.3		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.5		
cyanide	ug/L	biannually	1	-	-	<5		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16		
nickel	ug/L	biannually	1	-	-	2.8		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.02	0.05		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.38	5.77	6.70		
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.04	0.04		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12		

EPA Point 4 Site code RS0004	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank								
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100			
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04			
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	3			
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30			

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA

Point 1 (discharge to waters).

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Riverstone Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1796

Summary period: 01-07-2024 to 31-07-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 18-08-2024 PO Box 399

Date published: 27-08-2024 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean and 100 percentile data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM actual	100 percentile limit	100 percentile actual	within limits	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	-	-	yes	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	45	5.55	yes	
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	-	_	5	0.11	yes	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	_	-	yes	

¹⁰⁰ percentile means that 100 % of samples (or all samples) taken must not exceed the limit for that pollutant.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code RS0003	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the weir in the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	73			
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2			
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.1			
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16			
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.03	0.10			
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.77	5.10	5.55			
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.05	0.11			
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2			
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	14			

EPA Point 4 Site code RS0004	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank								
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	-	100			
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	0.13			
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	<1	<1	1			
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<30			

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.