Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-09-2024 to 30-09-2024

Date obtained: 09-10-2024

Date published: 23-10-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes				
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	2	yes				

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	163		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	6.3		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	3	16	34		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	133		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	0.07	0.09		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.67	5.10	5.63		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.11	0.12	0.12		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	37		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	·	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04		

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit ofsamplingnumber ofminimummeanmaximummeasurefrequencysamplesresultresultresult						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-08-2024 to 31-08-2024

Date obtained: 07-09-2024

Date published: 13-09-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	175	
arsenic	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	<0.2	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3	
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	_	_	8.0	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	8	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	<1	3	10	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	168	
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	2.4	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.12	0.18	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.15	5.65	6.35	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.11	0.13	0.15	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	44	

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 6 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1409

Summary period: 01-07-2024 to 31-07-2024

Date obtained: 18-08-2024

Date published: 27-08-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	268			
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2			
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<0.1			
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	8.1			
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	5			
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<30			
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	184			
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.05	0.20	0.30			
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4.61	5.53	6.10			
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.17	0.20	0.29			
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	3			
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	42			

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit ofsamplingnumber ofminimummeanmaximummeasurefrequencysamplesresultresultresult						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 5, 21 and 22 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).